

Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name Cowslips Liquid
HSNO approval HSR100757

Approval description Veterinary Medicines (Limited Pack Size, Finished Dose) Group Standard

2020

UN number 1247

Proper Shipping Name METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER, STABILIZED

DG Class 3
Packaging group II
Hazchem code 3YE

Uses Adhesive in application of hoof care products

Company Details

Company Shoof International Ltd

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 Website
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NZ Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 POISON (0800 764 766)
Poisons Information Centre – Australia: 13 11 26

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR100757, Veterinary Medicines (Limited Pack Size, Finished Dose) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS 7 Classes Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid cat 2 H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Acute toxicity cat 4 H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

STOT SE cat 3 H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

Eye irritation cat 2 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin sensitization cat 1 H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE cat 2 H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

SYMBOLS

DANGER





Australian GHS Classification

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STOT RE cat 2 H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Other Hazards

Polymerisation with heat evolution may occur in the presence of radical forming substances (e.g. peroxides), reducing substances and/or heavy metal ions.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

P210 - Keep away from ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe fume/vapours.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye/face protection.

Response P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P309+P311 - IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

Storage P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	60-100%
Hydroxyethyl methacrylate-2-	868-77-9	15-40%
Dimethyl-p-toluidine	99-97-8	1-5%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.



First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service). IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

Recommended first aid

facilities

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

Exposure

Swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Get medical advice/attention if

you feel unwell.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

Skin contact IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. If skin

irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing

before reuse.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically

Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: Vapours may form an explosive mixture in air which can be ignited by many sources such

as pilot lights, open flames, electrical motors, switches and static electricity.

Suitable extinguishing

substances:

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or

alcohol resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Unknown.

Products of combustion: Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

Hazchem code: 3YE

Accidental Release Measures

Containment If greater than 1000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage

any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to

storm water.

Emergency procedures In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of

> hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers,

or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately).

Clean-up method Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the

clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or

waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Disposal Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved

landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.



Product Name: Cowslips Liquid

Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children.

Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Store below 30°C. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Fill the container by approximately 80% only

as oxygen (air) is required for stabilisation.

Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10. Location compliance certificates must be available if storing >100L (containers >5L), 250L (containers ≤5L), 50L (in use). Containers (and outer packaging) must bear the prescribed labelling, including the Hazchem code, UN number, flammability warning and name of contents. Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

Handling

Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Ingredient WES-TWA WES-STEL 50ppm, 208mg/m³ 100ppm, 416mg/m³

Australian Ingredient ES-TWA ES-STEL
Exposure Stds

methyl methacrylate 50ppm, 208mg/m³ 100ppm, 416mg/m³

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

General

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven inadequate. Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes

are possible. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Eyes





Skin





Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Rubber gloves are recommended. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Wash hands after handling.



Respiratory



A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators must have filters appropriate to the duty and comply with AS/NZS1716 and selected, used and maintained in accordance with AS/NS 1715. Use a respirator with an organic vapour cartridge. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and maintenance of PPE are necessary.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance colourless liquid
Odour strong odour
Odour Threshold no data
pH no data
Freezing/melting point <-25°C
Boiling Point no data
Flashpoint +8°C

Flammability flammable liquid

Upper & lower flammable limits no data Vapour pressure no data Vapour density no data Specific gravity/density no data Solubility no data Partition coefficient no data **Auto-ignition temperature** no data **Decomposition temperature** no data Viscosity no data **Particle Characteristics** no data

10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability

Stable under normal conditions. Product may react with acids, azo-, diazo-, hydrazines, alkalis and oxidising materials.

Conditions to be avoided

Flammable substance. Keep away from sources of ignition at all times. Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination.

Incompatible groups

strong alkalis, strong acids, peroxides, strong oxidising agents, azo-, diazo-, hydrazine-compounds.

Substance Specific Incompatibility

none known

Hazardous decomposition

products

Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides.

Hazardous reactions

Polymerisation with heat evolution may occur in the presence of radical forming substances (eg peroxides), reducing substances, and/or heavy metal ions.

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Product Name: Cowslips Liquid



We make caring for animals easier

Toxicological Information

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: may be harmful, with gastrointestinal irritation and upset stomach.

IF IN EYES: irritation may occur.

IF ON SKIN: may be irritating to the skin. Sensitised individuals may experience an allergic skin reaction such as dermatitis.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking.

IF INHALED: vapours may be irritating to the respiratory system. Symptoms may include headaches, dizziness and

drowsiness.

Supporting Data

Acute Oral Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated LD₅₀ (oral, rat) for the mixture is > 2000mg/kg.

Data considered includes: methyl methacrylate 4700 mg/kg (dog), Hydroxyethyl

methacrylate-2 3275 mg/kg (mouse), Dimethyl-p-toluidine 1650mg/kg (rat).

Dermal No evidence of dermal toxicity.

Inhaled Using LC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated LC₅₀ (inhalation, rat) for the mixture is

between 15.375 mg/l - 29mg/L. Data considered includes: methyl methacrylate 15.375

mg/l - 29 mg/l (4hr, rat, vapour)

Eye The mixture is considered to be an eye irritant, because some of the ingredients present

are considered eye irritants in more concentrated form.

Skin The mixture is considered to be a skin irritant, because some of the ingredients present

are considered skin irritants in more concentrated form.

Chronic Sensitisation The mixture is considered to be a contact sensitizer, because methyl methacrylate is

known to be a contact sensitizer.

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. Mutagenicity Carcinogenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen. Reproductive / No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

Developmental developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

Systemic The mixture is considered to be a suspected target organ toxicant, because methyl

> methacrylate is suspected to be a target organ toxicant. None known.

Aggravation of existing conditions

12. Ecological Data

This mixture may be harmful towards aquatic organisms. In all cases prevent run-off to drains, sewers and waterways.

Supporting Data

Using EC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated EC₅₀ for the mixture is between 1 and 100 Aquatic

> mg/L. Data considered includes: methyl methacrylate 191 mg/l (96hr, Lepomis macrochirus); 69 mg/l (48hr, Daphnia magna); 170 mg/l (96hr, Selenastrum

capricornutum), Dimethyl-p-toluidine 52mg/L (96hr, fish).

Bioaccumulation No data Degradability No data

Soil No evidence of soil toxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrate This mixture is not considered toxic towards terrestrial vertebrates.

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal no data

Environmental effect levels No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal method Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should

be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Contaminated packaging Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

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Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a dangerous good for

transport.

UN number: 1247 Proper shipping name: METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER, STABILIZED

Class(es)

Packing group: **Precautions:** Flammable liquid Hazchem code: 3YE

IMDG

UN number: 1247 Proper shipping name: METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER, STABILIZED

Class(es) Packing group: Ш

Precautions: Flammable liquid **FmS** F-E, S-D

IATA

METHYL METHACRYLATE **UN number:** 1247 Proper shipping name:

MONOMER, STABILIZED

Class(es) Packing group: **Precautions:** Flammable liquid

Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR100757, Veterinary Medicines (Limited Pack Size, Finished Dose) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear in the NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained. Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances

that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

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supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan Required if > 1000L is stored.

Certified handler Not required. Tracking Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 1000L is stored. Required if > 250L is stored. Signage

Required if > 100L (containers >5L). 250L (containers ≤5L), 50L (in use) is stored. Location compliance certificate

Must be established if > 100L (closed containers), 25L (decanting), 5L (open Flammable zone occasionally), 1L (in use), stored in any one location is stored.

Fire extinguisher If > 250L present.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

Australia

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling Not scheduled

of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP)

Applicable prohibitions and Not listed

notifications/licensing requirements

Agricultural and Veterinary Not listed

Chemicals Act

Methyl methacylate - IMAP - Tier II - Human Health Listing in the Australian Inventory of

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Product Name: Cowslips Liquid



Chemical Substances (AICS)
Additional information

NA

16. Other Information

Abbreviations

AICS

Approval Code Approval HSR100757, Veterinary Medicines (Limited Pack Size, Finished Dose) Group

Standard 2020 Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

EC₅₀ Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

ES Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to

which a worker may be exposed in a work day.

EPA Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

GHS Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
LEL/UEL Lower Explosive Limit/ Upper Explosive Limit

LD₅₀ Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

LC50 Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

NICNAS National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

STOT RESpecific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure
STOT SE
Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UEL Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number United Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Data

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site – www.worksafe.govt.nz.

ES Workplace Exposure standards for airborne contaminants – Safework Australia.

Other References: Suppliers SDS, EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus



Review

DateReason for reviewJuly 2019Not applicable – new SDSDecember 20245 yearly update, HSNO to

2024 5 yearly update, HSNO to GHS 7, update to WES and HSNO approval

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951.

